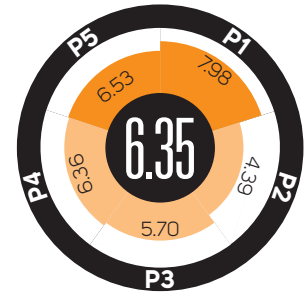


SWITZERLAND

HRI 2011
Ranking
6th



Group **1**
PRINCIPLED
PARTNERS

OFFICIAL
DEVELOPMENT
ASSISTANCE

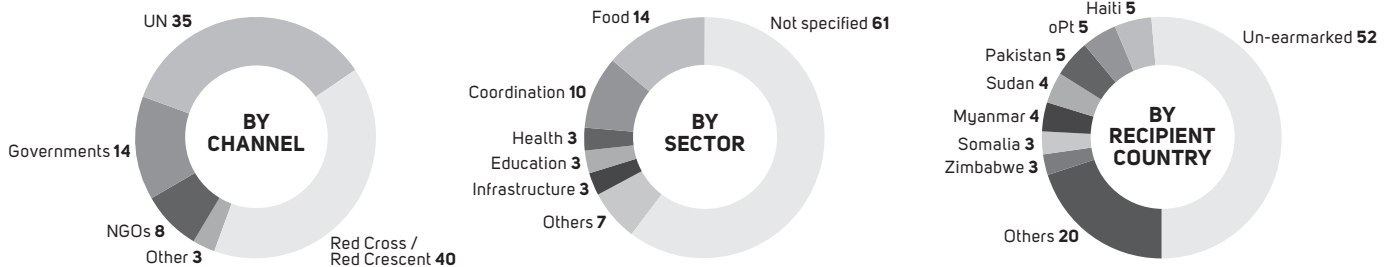
0.41%
of GNI

HUMANITARIAN
AID

12.6%
of ODA

US \$37
Per person

HUMANITARIAN AID DISTRIBUTION (%)



GENDER RATING

POLICY

FUNDING

FIELD PERCEPTION

STRENGTHS

Pillar	Type	Indicator	Score	% above OECD/DAC average
5	QT	Participating in accountability initiatives	9.58	+114.2%
5	QT	Funding accountability initiatives	8.02	+95.0%
4	QT	International humanitarian law	9.95	+62.6%
2	QT	Funding international risk mitigation	6.51	+36.2%
4	QL	Advocacy towards local authorities	7.13	+28.1%

AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

Pillar	Type	Indicator	Score	% below OECD/DAC average
2	QT	Funding reconstruction and prevention	1.92	-57.1%
3	QT	Funding NGOs	2.36	-47.9%
2	QT	Reducing climate-related vulnerability	3.02	-25.0%
2	QL	Prevention and risk reduction	3.58	-20.7%
4	QT	Human rights law	4.93	-20.1%

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Switzerland ranked 6th in the HRI 2011, improving one position from 2010. Based on the pattern of its scores, Switzerland is classified as a Group 1 donor, "Principled Partners". This group is characterised by its commitment to humanitarian principles and strong support for multilateral partners, and generally good overall performance in all areas. Other Group 1 donors include Denmark, Finland, the Netherlands, Norway and Sweden.

Switzerland's global score was above the OECD/DAC average, but below the Group 1 average. Similarly, Switzerland scored above the OECD/DAC average in all pillars, with the exception of Pillar 2

(Prevention, risk reduction and recovery). It scored below the Group 1 average in all pillars, except for Pillar 1 (Responding to needs), where it scored above average.

Compared to its OECD/DAC peers, Switzerland did best in the indicators on *Participating in accountability initiatives*, *Funding accountability initiatives*, *International humanitarian law*, *Funding international risk mitigation* and *Advocacy towards local authorities*. Its scores were relatively the lowest in the indicators on *Funding reconstruction and prevention*, *Funding NGOs*, *Reducing climate-related vulnerability*, *Prevention and risk reduction* and *Human rights law*.