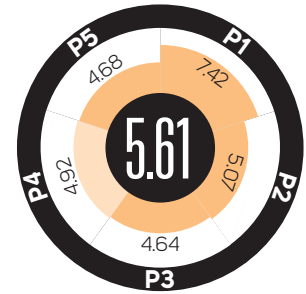


# GERMANY

HRI 2011  
Ranking  
**12th**



Group **3**  
ASPIRING  
ACTORS

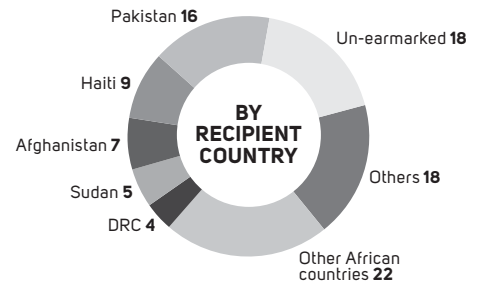
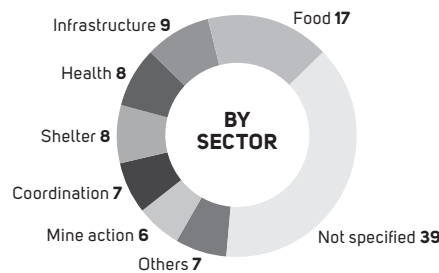
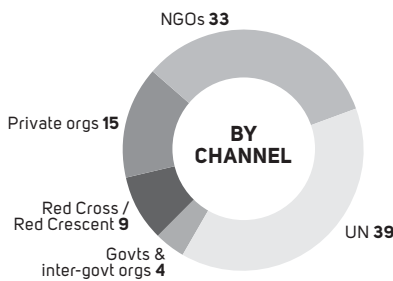
OFFICIAL  
DEVELOPMENT  
ASSISTANCE **0.38%**  
of GNI

HUMANITARIAN  
AID

**4.5%**  
of ODA

**US \$7**  
Per person

## HUMANITARIAN AID DISTRIBUTION (%)



## GENDER RATING

POLICY →

FUNDING ↑

FIELD PERCEPTION →

### STRENGTHS

Pillar	Type	Indicator	Score	% above OECD/DAC average
3	QT	Funding NGOs	10.00	+120.5%
1	QT	Timely funding to complex emergencies	9.92	+25.4%

### AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT

Pillar	Type	Indicator	Score	% below OECD/DAC average
3	QT	Funding UN and RC/RC appeals	1.03	-74.6%
3	QT	Un-earmarked funding	1.50	-71.1%
4	QL	Funding protection of civilians	5.01	-26.3%
4	QL	Advocacy for protection of civilians	4.32	-22.4%
4	QL	Advocacy towards local authorities	4.39	-21.1%

## OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Germany ranked 12<sup>th</sup> in the HRI 2011, improving two positions from 2010. Based on the patterns of its scores, Germany is classified as a Group 3 donor, "Aspiring Actors". Donors in this group tend to have more limited capacity to engage with the humanitarian system at the field level, but often aspire to take on a greater role in the sector. They generally focus on a few core strengths, such as in the area of prevention, preparedness and risk reduction, or on specific geographic regions. Other donors in the group include Australia, Belgium, Ireland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg and Spain.

Overall, Germany scored below the OECD/DAC average, and slightly above the Group 3 average. It was below the OECD/DAC average in

all pillars, with the exception of Pillar 2 (Prevention, risk reduction and recovery), where it scored above average. Compared to other Group 3 donors, Germany scored above average in all pillars, except for Pillar 3 (Working with humanitarian partners) and Pillar 4 (Protection and international law), where it scored above average.

Germany did best compared to its OECD/DAC peers in indicators on *Funding NGOs* and *Timely funding to complex emergencies*. Its scores were lowest in indicators on *Funding UN and RC/RC appeals*, *Un-earmarked funding*, *Funding protection of civilians*, *Funding protection of civilians* and *Advocacy towards local authorities*.