CLIMATE VULNERABILITY MONITOR





COUNTRY PROFILE

MAURITANIA

CLIMATE: ACUTE 🕼 CARBON: MODERATE

THE MONITOR ASSESSMENT

The Climate Vulnerability Monitor provides a comprehensive national-level assessment of vulnerabilities and impact specifically related to contemporary climate change and carbon intensiveness. This 2012 Monitor assessment was commissioned by the Climate Vulnerable Forum and has been independently developed by DARA. It is grounded in leading and up-to-date scientific studies, research and data assimilated on the basis of an externally reviewed methodology. The assessment spans 34 indicators of impact/vulnerability: 22 for climate change ("Climate") and 12 for carbon intensiveness ("Carbon"). Estimates in human, economic and environmental terms are for 2010 and 2030. Vulnerability at country-level and by indicator is comparative to the 184 countries included in the assessment.

→ For the full report, data & additional info: www.daraint.org/cvm2 - cvm@daraint.org - +34 915310372

	the full report, data a da							010100.								
\$		FIONAL LC STS (NEGATIVE N PER YEAR	UMBERS	OTAL SHOW PO	S: MA	URIT FECTS)	ANIA - YEARLY			LOSS	ES PER YE	AR				
		9.0%gdp 16.6%gdp	5					CARBON INTENSI IMPACT	VENESS		0 1.4 0 0. 5	% _{GDP} 5% _{GDF}	,			
	HUMAN NATION ADDITIONAL HUMAN IMPAC							VERAGE								
Þ	CLIMATE 2010	DITIONAL MORTALITY-YEARLY AVERAGE						🔬 CLIMATE		additional persons affected-year 2010 250,000				2030 350,000		
Ť	TLANDIN	3,500 3,500					CARBON		2010 95,000							
UL	L COUNTRY AS	SESSMEN		-	NIA											
		VULNERABILITY LEVEL	ADDITIONAL ECONOMIC COSTS (MILLION USD PPP)		ADDITIONAL MORTALITY		ADDITIONAL AFFECTED POPULATION (1000s)		OTHER VALUE 1*		OTHER VALUE 2*					
	ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTE	2010 2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	VULNERABIL	ITY LEVELS:		
	DROUGHT FLOODS AND LANDSLIDES STORMS			1		1	2	4					+ Acute+ - Acute- + Severe+	+ <mark>+</mark> High+ - High-		
	WILDFIRES TOTAL HABITAT CHANGE		0	1	0	1	2	4					- Severe-	Low		
	BIODIVERSITY DESERTIFICATION HEATING AND COOLING	+ +	70 10	450 1 70			0	0	-15,000 25 60	-35,000 50 150	250 40	700 100	 + = Upper tier - = Lower tier 			
	LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY PERMAFROST	- +	200	1,250			0	0	30	24			 Environmental disasters Habitat change 			
	SEA-LEVEL RISE WATER TOTAL HEALTH IMPACT	- + - +	250 5 535	1,500 40 3,311			0	0	350 0	900 0			 Habitat Change Health impact Industry stress cLIMATE = Impact/Vulnerability to Climate Change CARBON = Impact/Vulnerability to Carbon Intensiveness 			
	DIARRHEAL INFECTIONS HEAT AND COLD ILLNESSES	- + S			100 30	150 45	0									
	HUNGER MALARIA AND VECTOR-BOF MENINGITIS TOTAL	- + RNE + +			150 10 45 335	150 5 75 425	0 3 0 3	0 1 0 1								
	INDUSTRY STRESS AGRICULTURE	- +	40	250										OTHER VALUE 1	OTHER VALUE 2	
Ø	FISHERIES FORESTRY HYDRO ENERGY TOURISM												BIODIVERSITY	Contraction of biological zones (km²) (cumulative)	Decline in biological richness	
	TRANSPORT TOTAL		40	250									DESERTI- FICATION	Additional land degraded (km²) (cumulative)		
	CLIMATE TOTAL		575	3,561	335	425	5	6					HEATING & COOLING	Change in energioad (GWh)	9 9	
	ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTE OIL SANDS OIL SPILLS TOTAL		0	0									LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY	Share of workforce particularly affected (%)		
	HABITAT CHANGE BIODIVERSITY		10	55					30	85			SEA-LEVEL RISE	Net loss of land (km²)		
	CORROSION WATER TOTAL		10	55									WATER	(cumulative) Loss in water runoff 2030 (km ³)		
	HEALTH IMPACT AIR POLLUTION INDOOR SMOKE				500 2,500	900 2,250	8 85	25 75					OIL SANDS	Tonnes toxic waste (1000s)		
	OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS SKIN CANCER TOTAL				5 5 3010	5 10 3165	1 0 94	2 0 102					OIL SPILLS	Gallons oil spill (1000s)		
	INDUSTRY STRESS	+ +	-5 1	-100 15									BIODIVERSITY	Decline in biological richne	ess	
	FORESTRY TOTAL		-4	1 -84.5 -29									WATER	water to treat (millions m ³)		