CLIMATE VULNERABILITY MONITOR







COUNTRY PROFILE







THE MONITOR ASSESSMENT

The Climate Vulnerability Monitor provides a comprehensive national-level assessment of vulnerabilities and impact specifically related to contemporary climate change and carbon intensiveness. This 2012 Monitor assessment was commissioned by the Climate Vulnerable Forum and has been independently developed by DARA. It is grounded in leading and up-to-date scientific studies, research and data assimilated on the basis of an externally reviewed methodology. The assessment spans 34 indicators of impact/vulnerability: 22 for climate change ("Climate") and 12 for carbon intensiveness ("Carbon"). Estimates in human, economic and environmental terms are for 2010 and 2030. Vulnerability at country-level and by indicator is comparative to the 184 countries included in the assessment.

→ For the full report, data & additional info: www.daraint.org/cvm2 - cvm@daraint.org - +34 915310372



ECONOMIC NATIONAL LOSS TOTALS: DOMINICA

ADDITIONAL ECONOMIC COSTS (NEGATIVE NUMBERS SHOW POSITIVE EFFECTS) - YEARLY AVERAGE



2010 **5.9%**_{GDP} 2030 **11.7%**cpp CARBON INTENSIVENESS LOSSES PER YEAR

2010 **NIL** 2030 NIL



HUMAN NATIONAL LOSS TOTALS: DOMINICA

ADDITIONAL HUMAN IMPACTS (NEGATIVE NUMBERS SHOW POSITIVE EFFECTS) - YEARLY AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL MORTALITY-YEARLY AVERAGE

CLIMATE +CARBON

2010 10 2030 20 CLIMATE

2010 **60,000**

ADDITIONAL PERSONS AFFECTED-YEARLY AVERAGE

2030 **80,000**

🔊 CARBON

2010 350

2030 550

FULL COUNTRY ASSESSMENT: DOMINICA

			VULNERABILITY LEVEL	ADDITIONAL NERABILITY ECONOMIC COSTS LEVEL (MILLION USD PPP)		ADDITIONAL MORTALITY		ADDITIONAL AFFECTED POPULATION (1000s)		OTHER VALUE 1*		OTHER VALUE 2*					
			2010 2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030				
CLIMATE		ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTERS													VULNERABILITY LEVELS:		
		DROUGHT	+ +											+ Acute+	+ High-	-	
		FLOODS AND LANDSLIDES	+ +		450	1	1	2	2					Acute-	- High-		
	"	STORMS WILDFIRES	+ +	15	150			0	0					+ Severe+	Mode	rate	
		TOTAL		15	150	1	1	2	2					Severe-	Low		
	l i	HABITAT CHANGE		15	150	1	'	2	2					_	_		
		BIODIVERSITY												+ = I Inner tie	r of vulnerabilit	ulevel	
		DESERTIFICATION	+ +	1	10			1	3	20	35			= Lower tier of vulnerability level			
		HEATING AND COOLING	- +	1	10					5	25	5	15	201101110		910101	
		LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY	+ -	15	100					49	38			_	ental disasters		
		PERMAFROST												~			
		SEA-LEVEL RISE	- +	15	95			0	0		1			♠ Habitat ch	nange		
		WATER		1	10									Health im	pact		
	ľ	TOTAL HEALTH IMPACT		33	225			1	3					M Industry s	tress		
		DIARRHEAL INFECTIONS				0	0	0						W moostige	N1000		
		HEAT AND COLD ILLNESSES				1	1							CLIMATE -	Impact/Vulner	abilitu	
	(HUNGER				1	1	0	0					CLIMATE -	to Climate Cha		
		MALARIA AND VECTOR-BORNE						0	0					CARRON -	Impact/Vulner		
		MENINGITIS												CARBON -	to Carbon Inter		
		TOTAL				1	2	0	0								
		INDUSTRY STRESS													OTHER	OTHER	
		AGRICULTURE	- +	5	25										VALUE 1	VALUE 2	
		FISHERIES FORESTRY	+ +	1	1 10									-	Contraction	Decline in	
		HYDRO ENERGY	+ +	'	10									BIODIVERSITY	of biological zones (km²)	biological	
		TOURISM	+ +	5	30										(cumulative)	richness	
		TRANSPORT												DESERTI-	Additional land		
		TOTAL		11	66									FICATION	degraded (km²) (cumulative)		
		CLIMATE TOTAL		58	441	1	1	4	6					HEATING &			
		ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTERS												COOLING	Change in ener load (GWh)	gy	
CARBON		OIL SANDS													Share of		
		OIL SPILLS												LABOUR	workforce		
		TOTAL		0	0									PRODUCTIVITY	particularly affected (%)		
		HABITAT CHANGE													Net loss of		
	(BIODIVERSITY												SEA-LEVEL RISE	land (km²)		
		CORROSION												RISE	(cumulative)		
		WATER		_										WATER	Loss in water runoff 2030		
	l ¦	TOTAL HEALTH IMPACT		0	0									WATER	(km³)		
	•	AIR POLLUTION	+ +			5	10	0	0						Tonnes toxic		
		INDOOR SMOKE				5	5	0	0					OIL SANDS	waste (1000s)		
		OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS					1	0	0						C-1111		
		SKIN CANCER												OIL SPILLS	Gallons oil spill (1000s)		
		TOTAL				10	15.5	0	0						.,,		
		INDUSTRY STRESS												BIODIVERSITY	Decline in		
	(1)	AGRICULTURE			-10										biological richn	622	
	(X)	FISHERIES												WATER	Volume of water to treat		
		FORESTRY TOTAL		0	1									VVALER	(millions m ³)		
		CARBON TOTAL		0	-9.5 -9	10	15	0	0								
		OAMBON TOTAL			_		- 10	_ •									