CLIMATE VULNERABILITY MONITOR







COUNTRY PROFILE







THE MONITOR ASSESSMENT

The Climate Vulnerability Monitor provides a comprehensive national-level assessment of vulnerabilities and impact specifically related to contemporary climate change and carbon intensiveness. This 2012 Monitor assessment was commissioned by the Climate Vulnerable Forum and has been independently developed by DARA. It is grounded in leading and up-to-date scientific studies, research and data assimilated on the basis of an externally reviewed methodology. The assessment spans 34 indicators of impact/vulnerability: 22 for climate change ("Climate") and 12 for carbon intensiveness ("Carbon"). Estimates in human, economic and environmental terms are for 2010 and 2030. Vulnerability at country-level and by indicator is comparative to the 184 countries included in the assessment.

→ For the full report, data & additional info: www.daraint.org/cvm2 - cvm@daraint.org - +34 915310372



ECONOMIC NATIONAL LOSS TOTALS: AZERBAIJAN

ADDITIONAL ECONOMIC COSTS (NEGATIVE NUMBERS SHOW POSITIVE EFFECTS) - YEARLY AVERAGE

CLIMAIE CHANGE

2010 **0.4%**_{GDP} 2030 **0.7%**_{GDP}

CARBON INTENSIVENESS

2010 **0.4%**_{GDP} 2030 **0.4%**_{GDB}

ADDITIONAL PERSONS AFFECTED-YEARLY AVERAGE



HUMAN NATIONAL LOSS TOTALS: AZERBAIJAN

ADDITIONAL HUMAN IMPACTS (NEGATIVE NUMBERS SHOW POSITIVE EFFECTS) - YEARLY AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL MORTALITY-YEARLY AVERAGE

CLIMATE 2010 4,500 +CARBON 2030 4,500

🕼 CLIMATE

2010 150,000

2030 150,000

🔊 CARBON

2010 100,000

2030 150,000

FULL COUNTRY ASSESSMENT: AZERBAIJAN

			VULNERABILITY LEVEL	ECONOM	TIONAL MIC COSTS USD PPP)	ADDITIONAL MORTALITY		ADDITIONAL AFFECTED POPULATION (1000s)		OTHER VALUE 1*		OTHER VALUE 2*		_				
			2010 2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	2010	2030	- VIII NEDADII	ITVI EVELO			
CLIMATE		ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTERS													VULNERABILITY LEVELS:			
		DROUGHT	+ -	5	30									+ Acute+	+ High	+		
		FLOODS AND LANDSLIDES		5	30	1	1	9	10					_ Acute-	- High			
		STORMS												Severe+	Mode	erate		
		WILDFIRES						_						Severe-	Low			
		TOTAL		10	60	1	1	9	10					Severe	LOW			
		HABITAT CHANGE																
		BIODIVERSITY	+ +	200	1,250			_		-2,000	-4,000	80	250	+ = Upper tier				
	\sim	DESERTIFICATION		-35	-1 -200			0	-1	-5 -250	-10 -400	150	250	- = Lower tier	of vulnerabili	y level		
		HEATING AND COOLING LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY		35	200					36	27	-150	-250	-				
		PERMAFROST		33	200					30	21			- 🕼 Environme	ental disasters			
		SEA-LEVEL RISE												• Habitat change				
		WATER	- +	100	800					0	1				-			
		TOTAL		300	2,049			0	-1					Health imp				
	Ì	HEALTH IMPACT		000	2,010			Ū	•					ndustry stress				
	•	DIARRHEAL INFECTIONS				15	10	0										
		HEAT AND COLD ILLNESSES	- +			25	65							CLIMATE =	Imnact/Vulne	rahilitu		
		HUNGER													to Climate Cha			
		MALARIA AND VECTOR-BORNE												_				
		MENINGITIS				20	25	0	0					to Carbon Inte				
		TOTAL				60	100	0	0						io odrborrinc	1014011000		
	%	INDUSTRY STRESS													OTHER	OTHER		
		AGRICULTURE		25	200										VALUE 1	VALUE 2		
		FISHERIES			5										Contraction			
		FORESTRY		1	25									BIODIVERSITY	of biological	Decline in biological		
	v	HYDRO ENERGY		-5	-20									BIODIVERSITI	zones (km²) (cumulative)	richness		
		TOURISM													Additional land			
		TRANSPORT			0.40									DESERTI- FICATION	degraded (km²			
	,	TOTAL		21 331	210 2,319	61	101	9	8					FICATION	(cumulative)			
		CLIMATE TOTAL		331	2,319	01	101	9	•					HEATING &	Change in energy			
CARBON		ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTERS												COOLING	load (GWh)			
		OIL SANDS													Share of			
		OIL SPILLS												LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY	workforce particularly			
	•	TOTAL		0	0									T KODOC II VII I	affected (%)			
		HABITAT CHANGE												SEA-LEVEL	Net loss of			
		BIODIVERSITY		45	300					20	60			RISE	land (km²) (cumulative)			
		CORROSION WATER	+ -	1	1										Loss in water			
		TOTAL		45.75	301									WATER	runoff 2030			
	•	HEALTH IMPACT		45.75	301										(km³)			
		AIR POLLUTION	- +			1,500	2,000	20	35					OIL CANDO	Tonnes toxic			
		INDOOR SMOKE				2,750	2,750	100	100					OIL SANDS	waste (1000s)			
		OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS				5	5	3	3									
		SKIN CANCER	-			10	30	0	0					OIL SPILLS	Gallons oil spill (1000s)			
		TOTAL				4265	4785	123	138						3pill (10003)			
		INDUSTRY STRESS												BIODIVERSITY	Decline in			
	(1)	AGRICULTURE	+	20	-90									_ SIGDIVERSITI	biological richr	iess		
		FISHERIES													Volume of			
	_	FORESTRY												WATER	water to treat			
	1	TOTAL		20	-90									l 	(millions m³)			
		CARBON TOTAL		65	211	4,265	4,785	123	138									