## **NORWAY**

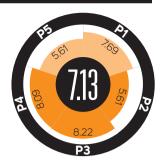
Group 1

PRINCIP

**OFFICIAL** DEVELOPMENT **ASSISTANCE** 

1.10%

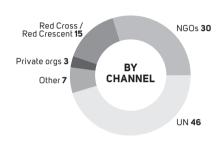
HRI 2011 Ranking 1st



**HUMANITARIAN** 

12.2%

## **HUMANITARIAN AID DISTRIBUTION (%)**







**POLICY GENDER RATING STRENGTHS** 

TIVE IVO						
llar	Туре	Indicator	Score	OECD/DAC average		
3	QT	Funding UN and RC/RC appeals	10.00	+145.8%		
2	QT	Reducing climate-related vulnerability	8.40	+108.4%		
3	QT	Funding NGOs	8.98	+98.0%		
3	QT	Un-earmarked funding	10.00	+92.9%		
4	QT	Refugee law	10.00	+77.8%		

UN	DIN	G (	マ		

**FIELD PERCEPTION** 



AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT						
Pillar	туре	Indicator	Score	OECD/DAC average		
2	<b>①</b>	Funding reconstruction and prevention	3.21	-28.4%		
1	<b>O</b>	Funding vulnerable and forgotten emergencies	6.36	-7.9%		
1	<b>O</b>	Timely funding to complex emergencies	7.67	-3.1%		
5	QL)	Implementing evaluation recommendations	4.22	-1.5%		
2	QL)	Prevention and risk reduction	4.50	-0.2%		
	Pillar 2 1 1 5	Pillar Type  2	Pillar Type Indicator  2	Pillar Type Indicator     Score       2     01     Funding reconstruction and prevention     3.21       1     01     Funding vulnerable and forgotten emergencies 6.36       1     01     Timely funding to complex emergencies     7.67       5     01     Implementing evaluation recommendations     4.22		

## **■ OVERALL PERFORMANCE**

Norway ranked 1st in the HRI 2011, improving three positions from 2010. Based on the pattern of its scores, Norway is classified as a Group 1 donor, "Principled Partners". This group is characterised by its commitment to humanitarian principles and strong support for multilateral partners, and generally good overall performance in all areas. Other Group 1 donors include Denmark, Finland, the Netherlands, Sweden and Switzerland.

Overall, Norway scored above the OECD/DAC and Group 1 averages. Norway scored above the OECD/DAC average in all pillars. It was above the Group 1 average in all pillars, with the exception of Pillar 1 (Responding to needs) and Pillar 5 (Learning and accountability), where it scored below average.

Norway did best compared to its OECD/DAC peers in the indicators on Funding UN and RC/RC appeals, Reducing climaterelated vulnerability, Funding NGOs, Un-earmarked funding and Refugee law. Its scores were relatively lower in indicators on Funding reconstruction and prevention, Funding vulnerable and forgotten emergencies, Timely funding to complex emergencies, Implementing evaluation recommendations and Prevention and risk reduction.

