CLIMATE VULNERABILITY MONITOR







COUNTRY PROFILE







THE MONITOR ASSESSMENT

The Climate Vulnerability Monitor provides a comprehensive national-level assessment of vulnerabilities and impact specifically related to contemporary climate change and carbon intensiveness. This 2012 Monitor assessment was commissioned by the Climate Vulnerable Forum and has been independently developed by DARA. It is grounded in leading and up-to-date scientific studies, research and data assimilated on the basis of an externally reviewed methodology. The assessment spans 34 indicators of impact/vulnerability: 22 for climate change ("Climate") and 12 for carbon intensiveness ("Carbon"). Estimates in human, economic and environmental terms are for 2010 and 2030. Vulnerability at country-level and by indicator is comparative to the 184 countries included in the assessment.

→ For the full report, data & additional info: www.daraint.org/cvm2 - cvm@daraint.org - +34 915310372



ECONOMIC NATIONAL LOSS TOTALS: ZIMBABWE

ADDITIONAL ECONOMIC COSTS (NEGATIVE NUMBERS SHOW POSITIVE EFFECTS) - YEARLY AVERAGE



LOSSES PER YEAR

2010 **1.6%** GDP 2030 **3.3%** GDP

CARBON INTENSIVENESS IMPACT

LOSSES PER YEAR

2010 **1.3%**_{GDP} 2030 **1.1%**_{GDP}



HUMAN NATIONAL LOSS TOTALS: ZIMBABWE

ADDITIONAL HUMAN IMPACTS (NEGATIVE NUMBERS SHOW POSITIVE EFFECTS) - YEARLY AVERAGE

ADDITIONAL MORTALITY-YEARLY AVERAGE

CLIMATE +CARBON

2010 **8,000** 2030 **7,000**

CLIMATE

⊅ CARBON

ADDITIONAL PERSONS AFFECTED-YEARLY AVERAGE

2010 **400,000**

2030 600,000

2010 **250,000** 2030 **200,000**

FULL COUNTRY ASSESSMENT: ZIMBABWE

| | | | VULNERABILITY LEVEL | ECONOM | TIONAL IIC COSTS USD PPP) | ADDIT MORT | | ADDITIONAL AFFECTED POPULATION (1000s) | | OTHER VALUE 1* | | OTHER VALUE 2* | | | | | | |
|---------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|------|-------------------|---------|-------------------|------|-----------------------------------|--|------------|--|--|
| | | | 2010 2030 | 2010 | 2030 | 2010 | 2030 | 2010 | 2030 | 2010 | 2030 | 2010 | 2030 | | T | | | |
| | | ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | VULNERABILITY LEVELS: | | | |
| | | DROUGHT | + + | 1 | 10 | | | | | | | | | + Acute+ | + High | + | | |
| - (| | FLOODS AND LANDSLIDES | + + | 5 | 25 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 25 | | | | | - Acute- | - High | | | |
| | | STORMS | | | | 1 | 5 | 6 | 15 | | | | | Severe+ | Mode | erate | | |
| | | WILDFIRES | | | | _ | | | | | | | | Severe- | Low | | | |
| | (%) | TOTAL | | 6 | 35 | 2 | 6 | 21 | 40 | | | | | Severe | LOW | | | |
| | | HABITAT CHANGE | | 75 | 500 | | | | | 0.500 | 00.000 | 450 | 400 | | | | | |
| | | BIODIVERSITY | + + | 75 -1 | -10 | | | | | -9,500 | -20,000 | 150 | 400 | | + = Upper tier of vulnerability level - = Lower tier of vulnerability level | | | |
| | | DESERTIFICATION HEATING AND COOLING | | -30 | -150 | | | | | -250 | -400 | -150 | -250 | - = Lowertier | of vulnerabili | y level | | |
| (| | LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY | | 25 | 150 | | | | | 69 | 56 | -130 | -230 | _ | | | | |
| | | PERMAFROST | | 20 | 100 | | | | | 00 | 50 | | | Environme | ental disasters | | | |
| | | SEA-LEVEL RISE | | | | | | | | | | | | ♠ Habitat change | | | | |
| | | WATER | + - | 30 | 200 | | | | | 1 | 5 | | | Health imp | | | | |
| CLIMATE | | TOTAL | | 99 | 690 | | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| \leq | | HEALTH IMPACT | | | | | | | | | | | | ndustry stress | | | | |
| 리 | | DIARRHEAL INFECTIONS | - + | | | 150 | 250 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | HEAT AND COLD ILLNESSES | | | | 200 | 250 | | | | | | | CLIMATE = Impact/Vulnerabil | | rability | | |
| - 1 | | HUNGER | - + | | | 250 | 400 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | to Climate Change | | | |
| | | MALARIA AND VECTOR-BORNE | | | | 250 | 250 | 65 | 60 | | | | | CARBON = | mpact/Vulne | rability | | |
| | | MENINGITIS | + + | | | 85 | 100 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | to Carbon Intensi | | | |
| | | TOTAL | | | | 935 | 1,250 | 65 | 60 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | INDUSTRY STRESS AGRICULTURE | | 75 | 500 | | | | | | | | | | OTHER | OTHER | | |
| | | FISHERIES | - + | 5 | 70 | | | | | | | | | | VALUE 1 | VALUE 2 | | |
| - 1 | | FORESTRY | | | 70 | | | | | | | | | | Contraction | Decline in | | |
| ۱, | | HYDRO ENERGY | | -1 | -15 | | | | | | | | | BIODIVERSITY | of biological zones (km²) | biological | | |
| | | TOURISM | | | | | | | | | | | | | (cumulative) | richness | | |
| | | TRANSPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | DESERTI- | Additional land | | | |
| | - 1 | TOTAL | | 79 | 555 | | | | | | | | | FICATION | degraded (km² (cumulative) | , | | |
| I | | CLIMATE TOTAL | | 184 | 1,280 | 937 | 1,256 | 86 | 100 | | | | | HEATING & | Change in ene | mu | | |
| 1 | | ENVIRONMENTAL DISASTERS | | | | | | | | | | | | COOLING | load (GWh) | - 33 | | |
| - 1 | | OIL SANDS | | | | | | | | | | | | | Share of | | | |
| ۱, | | OIL SPILLS | | | | | | | | | | | | LABOUR PRODUCTIVITY | workforce particularlu | | | |
| | | TOTAL | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | PRODUCTIVITY | affected (%) | | | |
| | | HABITAT CHANGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | Net loss of | | | |
| - 1, | | BIODIVERSITY | | 30 | 200 | | | | | 55 | 150 | | | SEA-LEVEL RISE | land (km²) | | | |
| - 1 | | CORROSION | | | | | | | | | | | | | (cumulative) | | | |
| | | WATER TOTAL | | 30 | 200 | | | | | 10 | 10 | | | WATER | Loss in water runoff 2030 | | | |
| CARBON | | HEALTH IMPACT | | 30 | 200 | | | | | | | | | | (km³) | | | |
| 累 | | AIR POLLUTION | | | | 1,250 | 2,000 | 15 | 45 | | | | | | Tonnes toxic | | | |
| | | INDOOR SMOKE | - 11 | | | 5,500 | 4.000 | 250 | 150 | | | | | OIL SANDS | waste (1000s) | | | |
| 1 | | OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS | | | | 20 | 35 | 3 | 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | SKIN CANCER | | | | 20 | 55 | 0 | 0 | | | | | OIL SPILLS | Gallons oil spill (1000s) | | | |
| | | TOTAL | | | | 6790 | 6090 | 268 | 200 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | INDUSTRY STRESS | | | | | | | | | | | | BIODIVERSITY | Decline in | | | |
| I. | | AGRICULTURE | + | 1 | -25 | | | | | | | | | | biological richr | less | | |
| 1 | X | FISHERIES | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.14750 | Valume of | | | |
| | | FORESTRY | + - | 10 | 45 | | | | | | | | | WATER water to tre (millions m | | | | |
| ' | - 1 | TOTAL | | 11 | 20 220 | c 700 | 6.000 | 200 | 200 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | CARBON TOTAL | | 41 | 220 | 6,790 | 6,090 | 268 | 200 | | | | | | | | | |